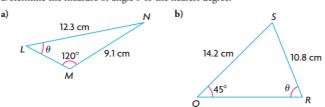
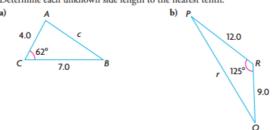
Sine Law and Cosine Law Applications Homework

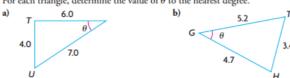
1. Determine the measure of angle θ to the nearest degree.



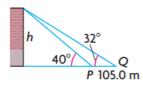
Determine each unknown side length to the nearest tenth.



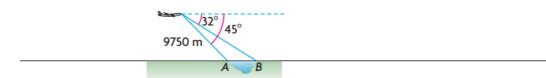
3. For each triangle, determine the value of θ to the nearest degree.



4. A building of height *h* is observed from two points, *P* and *Q*, that are 105.0 m apart as shown. The angles of elevation at *P* and *Q* are 40° and 32°, respectively. Calculate the height, *h*, to the nearest tenth of a metre.

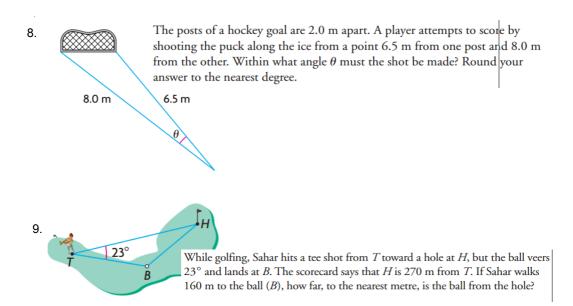


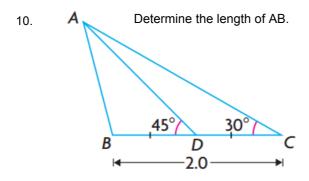
5. A surveyor in an airplane observes that the angle of depression to two points on the opposite shores of a lake are 32° and 45°, respectively, as shown. What is the width of the lake, to the nearest metre, at those two points?



6. The Pont du Gard near Nîmes, France, is a Roman aqueduct. An observer in a hot-air balloon some distance away from the aqueduct determines that the angle of depression to each end is 54° and 71°, respectively. The horizontal distance between the balloon and the aqueduct is 270.0 m. Calculate the length of the aqueduct to the nearest tenth of a metre.

7. The trunk of a leaning tree makes an angle of 12° with the vertical. To prevent the tree from falling over, a 35.0 m rope is attached to the top of the tree and is pegged into level ground some distance away. If the tree is 20.0 m from its base to its top, calculate the angle the rope makes with the ground to the nearest degree.





- 11. The interior angles of a triangle are 120°, 40°, and 20°. The longest side is 10 cm longer than the shortest side. Determine the perimeter of the triangle to the nearest centimetre.
- 12. Two hot-air balloons are moored to level ground below, each at a different location. An observer at each location determines the angle of elevation to the opposite balloon as shown at the right. The observers are 2.0 km apart.
 - a) What is the distance separating the balloons, to the nearest tenth of a kilometre?
 - b) Determine the difference in height (above the ground) between the two balloons. Round your answer to the nearest metre.

